

Laboration 15a

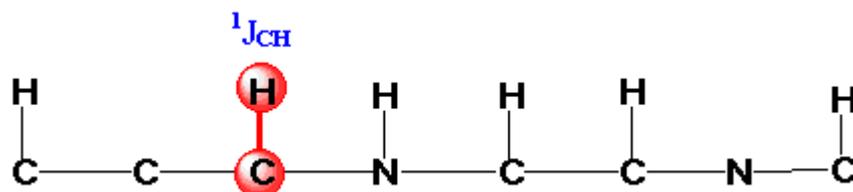
HSQC
decoupled

KR

Theory

HSQC

The **2D HSQC (Heteronuclear Single-Quantum Correlation) experiment** permits to obtain a 2D heteronuclear chemical shift correlation map between directly-bonded ^1H and X-heteronuclei (commonly, ^{13}C and ^{15}N). It is widely used because it is based on proton-detection, offering high sensitivity when compared with the conventional carbon-detected 2D HETCOR experiment. Similar results are obtained using the 2D HMQC experiment.



Aq = acquisitionstid (s), sw = sweep width, td = number of points

$R = 1/\text{aq}$ $R = 2 \cdot \text{sw} / \text{td}$ $\text{aq} = \text{td} / 2 \cdot \text{sw}$

Practical

1. *Tune and match* the probehead for ^{13}C and ^1H . *Lock and shim* according to "Bruker run manual for 500 MHz NMR". The 2-D exp should be recorded non spinning, so for a better result shim also the non spinning shims x, xz, y, yz
2. Optimize the values of **o1p** and **sw** for both ^1H and ^{13}C to be used in the 2D experiments.
3. Check the ^1H 90°-pulse (lab 1).
4. Collect a reference ^1H (and ^{13}C) spectrum.

Experiment setup

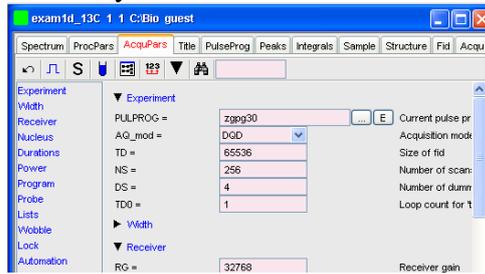
1. **edc** or **new** and read the parameter set **A_HSQC** to record a HSQC
2. **getprosol** (get probe and solvent specific parameters from prosol)

or if the ^1H 90°-pulse value need to be changed

Set the measured **p1** (^1H 90°-pulse)

getprosol 1H 'p1-value' 'p11-value' (get probe and solvent specific parameters and use your adjusted p1 value to calculate related pulses)

3. If required, any acquisition parameter can be modified manually or in the *AcquPars* section, you can see what is valid for the parameters in *PulseProg*.



- a. **o1p** is the center of the 1H spectrum
 - b. **o2p** is the center of the 13C spectrum
 - c. **sw** (F2) is the spectral width in the F2 1H dimension
 - d. **sw** (F1) is the spectral width in the F1 13C dimension
 - e. **td** (F2) is the time domain in the F2 dimension (usually set to 1K-2K)
 - f. **td1** (F1) is the number of experiments/increments to be recorded in the F1 dimension (usually set to 64w-512w)
 - g. **aq** *Make sure that the acquisition time aren't too long, though the decoupling heat the sample and can damage the probe. Maximum aq allowed is 0.4 s.*
 - h. Set appropriate **ns**, depending on the time you want the experiment to take.
 - i. Set **p1** (1H 90o-pulse)
4. turn of f the spinner
 5. **rga**
 6. **zg**

Process recorded data

7. **xfb** add a window function and Fourier transform the data.
8. **abs1**, **abs2** perform a baseline correction
9. Phase, if necessary.
10. Set the reference. For external referencing go to the *Procpars* section set sr(F1) and sr(F2) to the same value as in the 1H and 13C spectrum